

Daily Democrat.

TERMS OF THE DAILY DEMOCRAT
TO THE COUNTRY.

ONE YEAR. \$6.00

SIX MONTHS. 3.50

ONE MONTH. .60

LOCAL AGENTS WANTED.

We desire to give the services of a local agent in every Post Office District in the State. Will our friends act, or procure the services of some efficient person in our behalf? Believing that the circulation of the Democrat may be materially extended, we make this appeal to our friends in its behalf.

WE ARE AUTHORIZED TO ANNOUNCE THE Hon. NAT. WOLFE AS A CANDIDATE FOR CONGRESS IN THIS DISTRICT AT THE ENSUING AUGUST ELECTION.

We publish this morning the address to the people of Kentucky by the Hon. Wm. P. Thompson, notwithstanding we differ entirely with him as to the cause of our present troubles and the remedy for them. Mr. T. is a consistent anti-slavery man. He was a candidate for our State Convention in 1849, and advocated emancipation then. He now holds the same sentiments upon slavery, and announces himself a candidate for Governor on that ground.

We give him considerable space, because we are for free speech, a free press, free courts, and free elections; everything free except negroes, and, contrary to Mr. T., we don't believe slavery the cause of our troubles, nor its abolition the cure for them.

After the use made of this slavery question North and South, it is natural to conclude that it was the cause of the rebellion. This view of the subject we hold entirely superficial. This is not the first rebellion in the United States. It is only the first full blown and bloody. There were the elements of rebellion in 1800, to say nothing of the whisky insurrection. Virginia politicians and their friends were exiled from the high places of the Government, and when the result of the Presidential election was in doubt, it looked ominous, if we may trust the history of that period. Slavery had nothing to do with the affair. There was a conflict of principles; but there was what was far more dangerous—a conflict between ambitious partisans.

That storm blew over; but then the New England politicians were exiled from power, and they began to find excuses for secession. Commerce was the hobby they used to educate the mind and fire the heart. Afterward the war was all wrong—wrong because New England politicians had not the high offices—wrong because the war was declared by the opposite party. They were the *outs*, and wanted to rebel against the *ins*. The country then just escaped civil war; but slavery had no part in the contest.

Then South Carolina thought she could not abide the tariff, and proceeded to nullify a law of the Federal Government and threaten revolution.

The tariff was the pretext, but the real reason was, Calhoun quarreled with Jackson, and got the worst of it, and South Carolina wanted to quarrel with the Federal Government, because Jackson was President.

The result deeply mortified the self-conceit of South Carolina, and her politicians have never forgiven the United States for this failure and the want of consideration into which her politicians fell in the counsels of the Government. With all these troubles slavery had nothing to do; it was the ambition of partisan politicians.

Commerce was not the cause of the New England rebellion at the beginning of this century. The tariff was not the cause of the South Carolina rebellion of 1862. These were but subjects used to stir up rebellion. So slavery was not the cause of this rebellion. A very few facts will show that it was no interest in slavery that made this rebellion. The issue made was, that all departments of the Government should protect the right of property in slaves in a Territory until it became a State, when the State might reject the institution of slavery if its people so willed. This was the point made, and failing to carry it, secession was carried and carried on.

We see that the joint resolution offering terms of peace to the Northwestern States has been rejected in the rebel Congress. We are not surprised at this. The rebels had no reason to believe that the Northwestern States were willing to accept terms that did not include the whole Union, and which were based upon disunion.

The introduction of such a measure into the rebel Congress, and the respectable support it received, is only significant for good—evidencing a disposition to enter into a treaty for peace; and, as ours is the most powerful, we think the Government might well afford now to offer peace and union, with the security of all rights, to the rebels. We are certain it would make us thousands of friends in the South.

A contemporary begins to sum up the losses of the army of the Potomac, and informs us that figures don't lie. That is true—figures don't lie, but men can lie with figures or words, or any other signs or symbols. Half the biggest lies extant are made with figures—round numbers at that. We have had immense lies told with figures about this loss on the Potomac, and have not the truth yet in figures. We expect immense lies from Richmond in figures about losses at Vicksburg.

At a meeting of the Stockholders of the Central Kentucky Stock, Agricultural and Mechanical Association, held on Monday last, it was deemed advisable not to hold a fair in the coming fall.

Hon. C. L. Vallandigham was brought on a gunboat. That was one of the biggest guns ever on that gunboat; but its going off is as injurious to the Union as it is to the rebels.

Gas from HUMAN BONES.—It is proposed to light Bombay gas from the bones of dead Hindus. It is calculated that each body will yield two hundred cubic feet of gas.

Some Republican papers still call Hooker's advance a success. If it is so successful again, it will be doubtful whether he can take Washington, much less Richmond.

The latest scientific *on dit* is that James Watt will be proved to be the discoverer of photography. A letter in his writing is said to be the documentary evidence.

CANNON CAPTURED BY GEN. BANKS.—Twenty-two guns in all have been captured by Gen. Banks' army in the recent operations in the Opelousas country.

Notwithstanding the war, we hope every man will be able to get a "greenback" except swindling contractors, and there should be black and blue.

Princess Alexandra was married in a lace dress which cost \$4,000! The same night hundreds of poor girls were starving in London.

A negro woman sold at auction, in Lynchburg, Va., a few days since, for \$5,000.

If Vicksburg is captured, we take it for granted.

CHURCH BELLES.

Coming in couples,
Singing sweetly,
Up the long aisle,
Tripping so fleetly.Flutter of feathers,
Bustle of dresses,
Fixing of ribbons,
Shaking of trees.Envying bonnets,
Envyng laces,
Nodding at neighbors,
Peering in faces.Whispering softly,
Holding the garment,
What there go for,
Hard to determine:On all around them,
Gazing benignly,
Wholly unconscious,
Singing divinely,Prosy discoursing,
Don't suit their whims,
Plain they assemble,
Just for the "hims."

TO THE PEOPLE OF KENTUCKY.

In a few weeks you will exercise a right known only to freemen in selecting a Governor to preside over the State for the ensuing four years. Your inquiry will be: Is he honest?

Is he qualified? Is he true to the Constitution and Government of the United States? Wanting either of these requisites he is unfit for the exalted station. We have already a candidate, nominated by the self-styled Union Democrats. The platform of this party is thought by some not to be sufficiently radical, and it is probable the National Democrats will also nominate a candidate. Indeed, it is said our is already nominated, though not announced.

Differing in opinion with both these parties upon national policy, and particularly upon the subject of negro slavery, my name is also presented as a candidate, so that all who are unwilling longer to bow the knee to, and who love their country more than party, may have an opportunity to cast their votes for one as Governor who does not believe in the divinity of an institution that is drenching our beautiful land with fraternal blood.

The skillful physician first inquires into the habits and customs of the patient; then examines the disease to determine its character; if he finds it chronic, affecting even the constitution, he gives strong medicines; if only the blood or outer surface, then milder remedies are prescribed; nor is he true to his trust if he pauses before the disease is entirely eradicated from the system. Our party, too, has a hope of "pulling" the old Whig party, partially, and, lately the Republican party, under the lead of the President. The two former only sought by appeals and arguments to have the change made, but the latter, finding them useless and the restraints of the States inconvenient, use direct violence. The argument of an armed force is irresistible to all others. If he succeeds we will certainly have a simpler form of government easy to understand, but, unfortunately, there will be no use of understanding it.

MILITARY RAILROAD.—It will be remembered that the President urged upon the last Congress the importance of constructing a railroad, as a military measure of necessity, through the southeast portion of the State, leading from Danville or Nicholasville towards Cumberland Gap. It is estimated that it will cost the Government more to transport the supplies of an army in that direction than it would to build the road. It seems late now to agitate the question, but, if the road could be made in thirty days, as some said, it ought to be undertaken at once. The immense losses to East Tennessee and South Kentucky by the neglect of the Government, give that section a right to demand at least this much. The *Davville Tribune* says:At the master now stands, the immense expense of great works, and the idea of "the road to the sea" in possession of the Government of Kentucky has to be conveyed from Nicholasville (the present terminus of the Kentucky Central Railroad) by mule teams. The process is slow, and greatly retards the movements of the army. In thirty days the road could be made, but, if the road could be made in thirty days, as some said, it ought to be undertaken at once. The immense losses to East Tennessee and South Kentucky by the neglect of the Government, give that section a right to demand at least this much. The *Davville Tribune* says:The master now stands, the immense expense of great works, and the idea of "the road to the sea" in possession of the Government of Kentucky has to be conveyed from Nicholasville (the present terminus of the Kentucky Central Railroad) by mule teams. The process is slow, and greatly retards the movements of the army. In thirty days the road could be made, but, if the road could be made in thirty days, as some said, it ought to be undertaken at once. The immense losses to East Tennessee and South Kentucky by the neglect of the Government, give that section a right to demand at least this much. 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W. E. HUGHES, State Printer.

WEDNESDAY, MAY 27, 1863.

CITY NEWS.

POLICE PROCEEDINGS.—Tuesday, May 26.—Pat. McMahan, drunk and exposing his person on the street. Fined \$20 and costs.

John Martin alias John White, presented as a suspected felon. He was found in the third story of the National Hotel under a gentleman's bed. He had stolen clothing of the steward J. H. Doane. The case was laid over until the Doane returns, and the man was committed.

Fred Heymeister and Adam Green, disorderly conduct. Heymeister discharged; Green, security in \$200 for 12 months; bond given.

John Draper, drunk and disorderly conduct; \$200 for four months. Workhouse.

Peas warrant by Sarah Stinson vs. Wm. Gallagher. Gallagher broke in the door, and took possession. Laid over.

Wm. Wilson, a celebrated lawyer, was brought up standing on a rule requiring him to show cause why he does not exercise a parental control over his son. Continued until to-morrow.

An ordinance warrant was tried against the L. & P. R. R. Company, for creating a nuisance on the corner of Rowan and Thirteenth streets. Fined \$20.

MASONIC TEMPLE.—We hope our friends and readers generally—more especially our lady friends—will bear in mind that the entertainment which will be given in the Masonic Temple this evening will be a most delightful and interesting one. The songs and music by several amateurs, young ladies and gentlemen, will be fine, and the tableaux, from which we learn, will surpass anything of the kind ever offered to the public in this city. The house will be crowded. Seats can be secured at the music store of Mr. Faulds, on Main street. Remember, the entertainment is for the benefit of St. John's Episcopal Church.

TOBACCO EXHIBITION.—The great tobacco exhibition open to day in the Masonic Temple. Here will be seen samples of the weed in all its varieties. And here will be seen the tobacco growers, at the head of whom is the gentlemanly President of the State Agricultural Society, who will see that everything is done according to the most approved style. Great numbers of tobacco growers and dealers have been drawn here from all parts of the West, and a gay old time they will most assuredly have of it for the remainder of the week.

CUTTING AFFRAY.—Monday night, about 8 o'clock, two men named Charles Brewer and Larry Sayres—both drivers of O'Bannon, Keen & Co.'s omnibuses—got into a difficulty at the stable, on Center street, when Brewer drew a knife and stabbed Sayres three or four times in the breast and back, inflicting very serious wounds. Officers Bligh and Gilchrist arrested Brewer in Jeffersontown yesterday. Sayres, it is supposed, is in a dangerous situation and his recovery is considered doubtful.

LOST CHILD.—Strayed away from the corner of Broadway and Eleventh streets, about 6 o'clock last evening, a little girl about four years old. She had on a plaid lawn dress and a white apron, with garter shoes and bared-edges. Any one who will return the child to her father's residence, corner of Sixteenth and Market streets, or send word where she is, will confer a lasting obligation on her distressed parents.

N. B. WINN.

TRANSPERRED.—On Saturday about one hundred and sixty-five soldiers were sent to Chicago, or to hospitals nearest their places of residence. Last night one hundred more were sent to Indianapolis. To day one hundred will be sent to Cincinnati, and one hundred more to-morrow. Our hospitals are being vacated fast, in order to make room for other soldiers who are too sick to proceed any farther than this city on their way home.

THE STEAMER JACOB STRADER FOR VICKSBURG.—The Jacob Strader will leave for Vicksburg, to day, at twelve o'clock precisely, with the Sanitary Commission, and with stores and delicacies for the sick and wounded. Let our citizens remember and contribute generously. Those who are going to Vicksburg must be ready and on board at the appointed hour.

Two young ladies kissed Miss Bella Golden Monday night at Wood's Theater, while she was singing the Star-Spangled Banner. Lieut. "Kimbell," of the Twenty-fifth, very politely informed them that their room would be more acceptable than their company. At his request they left the theater.

A BIG SHIPMENT.—Monday morning a ship, commissioned to carry 1 surgeon, 130 non-commissioned officers and privates and 100 men, were sent to Baltimore. Also 6 non-commissioned officers were sent to Camp Chase, Ohio.

We understand that a young man named Duvall, clerk at P. M. Jones', on Fourth street, and once a Lieutenant in the rebel army, was arrested by the military yesterday evening. We could not learn the charges against him.

Ladies are requested to send linen rags and old linens to the Sanitary rooms, on Fifth street, for the use of the army. Let them send them as soon as convenient, as the boat will leave for Vicksburg at 12 o'clock to day.

A detective from Missouri arrived here Monday with a man named L. M. Welle, who was arrested on board the steamer J. C. Swan, above Cairo. He is supposed to be a spy or deserter, and was on his way to Virginia.

A long raft of fine lumber went over the falls Monday and landed safely at Portland. Several young ladies and gentlemen were passengers on it, who expressed themselves delighted with the trip.

There is a beautiful landscape in the exhibitor in the show window of Mr. Hegon, on Main street, above Third. It was painted by Harry Hillard of this city, a young man of rare genius and promise.

A large flatboat, laden with salt, in passing over the falls on Sunday, ran into some rocks, which caused it to sink. We did not learn to whom it belonged.

We hope our readers will bear in mind that the Campbell Minstrels—the monitors of the burst cork profession—will open an engagement in the Masonic Temple on Thursday night. We have seen one of their programmes, and if their performances are what the press pronounce them to be, we are satisfied that they are good.

A splendid lot of oil paintings, by Mr. Geo. F. Fuller, of this city, will be sold at auction on Saturday morning by Mr. C. C. Spencer, in the parlor of the Masonic Temple. The are the finest landscapes and most elegant paintings we have ever seen.

THE TABLEAUX.—We understand that the number of seats sold for the entertainment to-night is already very large, and the houses will not be filled. Citizens will crowd to this place, and strangers can find no better entertainment.

LITTLE BAREFOOT.—Miss Maggie Mitchell had a very large and fashionable audience last night. To-night she plays her favorite role, "Little Barefoot." Go and see Maggie and she'll be glad to see you.

The train from Nashville last evening came up crowded with passengers. A great many were compelled to await another train on account of the immense crowd on the train.

Mr. J. H. Montgomery, the tailor, was arrested by the military authorities to-day. His case was not disposed of up to yesterday.

The ladies who kissed the Star-Spangled Banner, at Wood's theater, have concluded to go to Dixie at the earliest opportunity.

The city yesterday was unusually quiet. Not much business was done. Few, if any, arrests were made.

Lieut. C. R. Galpin, editor of the Union Vidette, is in the city.

Sanitary Meeting.

At the meeting in the Circuit court-room last night, Mr. W. M. Kaye was chosen President, and Dr. A. Morgan, Esq., was appointed Secretary.

D. T. S. Bell addressed the meeting, stating its object, which was for the purpose of taking up collections and soliciting contributions from the citizens for the benefit of the sick and wounded soldiers in the army of the Mississippi who have been engaged in the terrible engagements in which so many brave men have laid their lives upon their country's altar for their country's cause.

The meeting was also addressed by the Rev. Mr. Heywood, Rev. Mr. Henderson and several others, who urged the necessity of sending sanitary stores to the soldiers of the Union army at large.

The steamer Jacob Strader has been chartered, and will leave for Vicksburg to-day, laden with sanitary stores.

A committee was appointed to raise subscriptions in the room, which consisted of Messrs. Heywood, Henderson, Speed and Muir, who at once succeeded in collecting a large amount from those present, who responded liberally to the cause.

The following gentlemen were then appointed to solicit contributions from the citizens at large, who we hope will be liberal in their donations to this good and noble cause. The city will be full of strangers to-day, who will give liberally. The following gentlemen compose the committee:

Messrs. Wm. Kaye, Andrew Graham, A. Gwinnett, A. B. Brown, W. P. Bellamy, S. J. Speed, F. B. Avery, T. D. Crawford, J. V. Morris, Daniel Spalding, Sr., J. S. Lithgow, James Trabue, J. Smyser, Thos. P. Hughes, L. Pehm, M. J. Love, John Storey, T. G. Toppert, Jr., A. Woolfolk, Phil. Doers, James and George D. McPherson, K. P. Thix, and W. B. Moore.

Wm. P. Frazee, trustee to Ferdinand Stork, between Campbell and Shelby streets, by 165 feet deep to an alluvial.

Wm. P. Frazee, trustee to Joseph Lee, 260 feet deep to a 30-foot alluvial, river alluvium, corner of Curran and Third streets.

T. P. Frazee, trustee to John Meerman, 21 feet deep to an alluvial.

Wm. P. Frazee, trustee to Patrick Lane, 20 foot lot, in country seat No. 13, on Portland avenue, by 100 feet deep.

John Meerman, trustee to John C. Reedy, 2 tracts, one containing 114 1/2 acres, and the other 6 acres.

Wm. P. Frazee, trustee to Ferdinand Stork, between Campbell and Shelby streets, by 165 feet deep to an alluvial.

Wm. P. Frazee, trustee to Joseph Lee, 260 feet deep to a 30-foot alluvial, river alluvium, between Campbell and Shelby streets, by 165 feet deep to an alluvial.

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Wm. P. Frazee, trustee to Patrick Lane, 20 foot lot, in country seat No. 13, on Portland avenue, by 100 feet deep.

John Meerman, trustee to John C. Reedy, 2 tracts, one containing 114 1/2 acres, and the other 6 acres.

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STEAMBOATS.

For Frankfort and Oregon (Short Trip.)

The reliable steamer WREN, Sanders, Master.

Will leave as above on THIS DAY, t.e. 2d Inst.

For freight or passage apply on board, or to

MOORHEAD & CO., Agents.

For Nashville.

The first steamer DESMONDES CITY, Johnson, Master.

Will leave as above on THIS DAY, t.e. 2d Inst.

For freight or passage apply on board, or to

MOORHEAD & CO., Agents.

UNITED STATES MAIL LINE.

For Evansville and Henderson.

The first steamer STAG-EAGLE, Hinchinoller, Master, will leave as above on THIS DAY, t.e. 2d Inst.

For freight or passage apply on board, or to

MOORHEAD & CO., Agents.

For Memphis, Helena and Vicksburg.

The splendid steamer IMPERIAL, Oakes, Master, will leave as above on THIS DAY, t.e. 2d Inst., at 12 o'clock p.m. from the Portland wharf.

For freight or passage apply on board, or to

MOORHEAD & CO., Agents.

For Cairo, St. Louis and Missouri River.

The new and elegant passenger steamer MITTIE STEPHENS, A. C. Goddin, Master, will leave as above on THIS DAY, t.e. 2d Inst., at the foot of Fifth Street.

For freight or passage apply on board, or to

MOORHEAD & CO., Agents.

For Paducah, Cairo and St. Louis, and all way Landings.

The fine steamer WILSONSBURG, Master, will leave as above on WEDNESDAY, the 2d Inst., at 10 o'clock a.m. for the port of Paducah.

For freight or passage apply on board, or to

MOORHEAD & CO., Agents.

MEMPHIS & LOUISVILLE U. S. MAIL LINE.

REGULAR MONDAY PACKET.

THE NEW AND FAST PASSENGER STEAMER LIBERTY No. 2 having been purchased expressly for carrying freight and passengers, will sail every MONDAY EVENING, May 27th, 1863, at 6 o'clock, from Fort Smith, and will call at all points on the route to Memphis, to Memphis, where she will be secured and freight engaged in accordance with application to

MOORHEAD & CO., Agents.

Fourth street, bet. Main and River.

SCOTT, KEEN & CO., Wholesale and Retail Dealers in MEN'S, YOUTHS' & BOYS' FINE CLOTHING AND FURNISHING GOODS.

Corner Sixth and Main Streets, Louisville, Ky.

AMUSEMENTS.

Louisville Theater.

Corner of Fourth and Green streets.

D. Hanchett, Stage Manager; Thos. J. Carter, Treasurer.

Price of Tickets, 25 cents. Dress Circle, 50 cents; Box Seats, 75 cents; Second Tier 35 cents. Colored Boxes 35 cents. Doors open at 7½; curtain rises at 8 o'clock.

WEDNESDAY EVENING, May 27th, 1863, will be performed the beautiful new play entitled

LITTLE BAREFOOT.

Amry, the Little Barefoot... Miss Maggie Mitchell.

An account of the length of this beautiful drama no other will be performed.

Wood's Theater.

Corner of Fourth and Jefferson streets.

Manager, Geo. W. Wood; Stage Manager, H. B. Phillips.

Price of Tickets, 25 cents; Reserved Seats 50 cents.

Benefit of H. B. Phillips.

Third night of the engagement of Mrs. CECILE ROSE, who has kindly consented to appear on the occasion.

ON WEDNESDAY EVENING, May 27th, 1863, the performers will come on stage in a new play entitled

THE PROPHET, a tragedy, written expressly for Mrs. Rose, entitled

IDA LEE.

After which Bella Golden will sing "Rally Round the Flag," and "How D'ye Like My Bonnet."

Misses Pollock, National... Mons. Blondowski, who has kindly volunteered.

To conclude with a new drama called

OLD PHIL'S BIRTHDAY.

Old Phil Stapleton... Mr. H. B. Phillips.

Matinee every Saturday afternoon at 2 o'clock.

The Original Monitor

CAMPBELL MINSTRELS,

AND BURLESQUE OPERA TROUPE,

AT MASONIC TEMPLE,

FOR A FEW NIGHTS ONLY,

COMMENCING THURSDAY, MAY 27th, 1863. CHANGE

OF programme each evening.

Admission to all parts of the house, 25 cents.

G. W. JOHNSON, Manager.

Moss, EMMETT, Musical Director.

P. D. EISENBAHN, Stage Director.

PRO. MARKS, Leader of Orchestra

B. J. LESLIE, Agent.

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MASONIC TEMPLE.

FOR ONE WEEK ONLY!

Commencing Monday June 1, 1863

BRUNER & FRIES'

WONDERFUL

POLIMOSORAMA

OF THE WAR.

317 Fourth St., Louisville, Ky.

WILL OFFER ON

MONDAY, MAY 25th,

\$50,000 worth of

BRITISH, FRENCH AND AMERICAN

DRESS GOODS,

At a Reduction of 20 per cent. from

our former low prices.

10,000 Yards English Barege

AT 6 1-4 CENTS.

FINE FRENCH JACONETS,

New and Beautiful Styles of

FRENCH ORGANIES,

GRENADES,

PINEAPPLE CLOTHS.

LACE, SILK and CLOTH

WRAPPINGS,

In great variety. An immense stock of

Prints, Linens, Bleached and Brown

Cottons, Housekeepers' Goods,

Hosiery, Gloves, &c., &c.

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